Healthy housing is affordable, safe, and supportive
A healthy home is one where the physical, mental, and socioeconomic environment supports the well-being of household members. It is free from hazards like pests or structural deficiencies. It does not impose a cost burden, ensuring household income can be spent on other needs such as food and healthcare.

It should be possible for every Newcastle resident to live in a healthy home.

Healthy housing is critical to well-being
Research shows that affordable, healthy homes are positively correlated to physical and psychological well being.

- Poor housing quality is the most consistent and strongest predictor of emotional and behavioral problems in children and youth
- Households who spend less on housing are less likely to experience residential instability, which is associated with reduced mental and physical health outcomes
- Residential exposures are major contributing factors to serious illnesses
Impacts of healthy housing barriers in Newcastle

HUD’s defined housing problems include overcrowding, inadequate plumbing, inadequate kitchen facilities, and cost-burden. The National Healthy Housing Standard (NHH) builds on these to include structural integrity, safety & security, heating & energy, moisture, waste, pest management and chemical agents.

Nearly 3 in 10 households in Newcastle are cost burdened. Families who spend less of their income on housing spend more on food and healthcare.

The presence of pests can increase the risk of hospitalization by up to 3x.

Over-crowding is linked to higher rates of infectious disease transmission.

Malfunctioning or poorly maintained HVAC systems pose safety and health risks including fire and exposure to carbon monoxide.

40% of childhood asthma cases are attributable to residential exposures.

4.3 million Days of lost productivity due to asthma in Washington adults (N = 11,709 years).

$2,584 Annual expenses for asthma related treatments per household.

84 Newcastle households have inadequate kitchen or plumbing facilities.

27% of Newcastle households have a risk of lead exposure. Lead at any level has toxic effects on the nervous system and cognitive development, especially in children.

For more infographics like this one, visit housingconsortium.org